

Variation

#15

Direct Variation: y varies directly as x if there is some nonzero constant k such that:

$$y = kx$$

k is the constant of variation
 x is the variable

product of a constant and variable

Inverse Variation: y varies inversely as x if there is some nonzero constant k such that

$$y = \frac{k}{x} \quad x \neq 0$$

Joint Variation: y varies jointly as x & z if there is some nonzero constant k such that:

$$y = kxz \quad x \text{ \& } z \neq 0$$

1. If y varies directly as x & $y = 6$ when $x = 11$, find y when $x = 3$.

find k :

$$\frac{6}{11} = \frac{k(11)}{11}$$

$$k = \frac{6}{11}$$

$$y = kx$$

$$y = \frac{6}{11}(3)$$

$$y = \frac{18}{11}$$

2. If y varies inversely as x & $y = 10$ when $x = 20$, find x when $y = 16$.

find k :

$$10 = \frac{k}{20}$$

$$200 = k$$

$$y = \frac{k}{x}$$

$$16 = \frac{200}{x}$$

$$16x = 200$$

$$x = \frac{200}{16} = 12\frac{1}{2}$$

3. The volume of a cone varies jointly as the square of the radius of the base, r , & the height, h . Find the eq. of joint variation if $V = 285$, $r = 4$, $h = 17$.

find k :

$$y = kxz$$

$$285 = k(4)^2(17)$$

$$\frac{285}{272} = \frac{272k}{272}$$

$$1.05 = k$$

$$V = 1.05r^2h$$

The circumference of a circle is proportional to the radius with a constant of 2π *varies Directly*

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Boyle's law states that the volume of an enclosed gas (at a constant temperature) varies inversely as the applied pressure.

$$V = \frac{T}{P}$$

2.2 Power Functions

Power Function $y = k \bullet x^n$

when k & n are non-zero constants

k - constant of variation

n - power - when n is negative then it's an
inverse variation Why??

Which of the following are power functions?? If they are a power function - what is the constant of variation, is it direct or inverse variation?

$$y = 5 \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Yes

1 direct

$$y = 7^x$$

No

$$y = \frac{3}{4} \cdot x^{-\frac{5}{2}}$$

yes

Inverse

Monomial Function

$$y = k \cdot x^n$$

$$y = k$$

n is positive

Which of the following are monomial functions?? If they are- what is the degree and the coefficient?

$$y = -5 \cdot x^{-3}$$

no

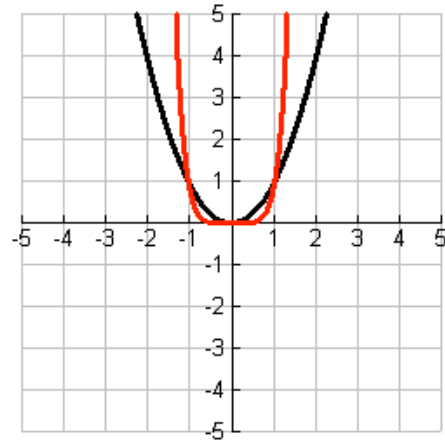
$$y = -6$$

yes

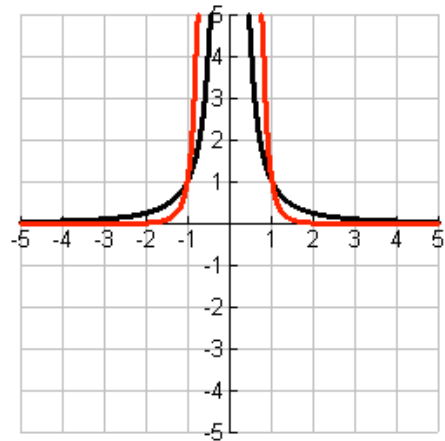
$$y = \frac{3}{4} \cdot x^1$$

yes

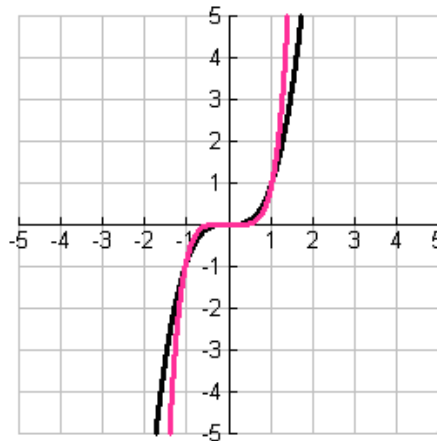
$$y = k \bullet x^{\text{even}}$$



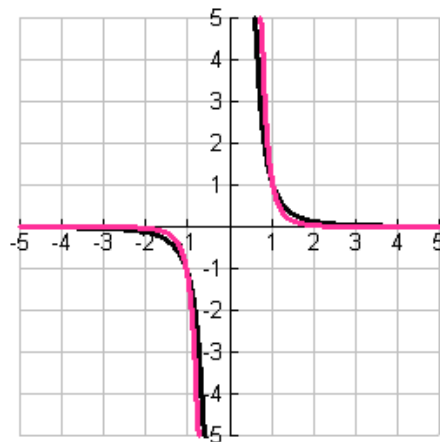
$$y = k \bullet x^{-\text{even}}$$



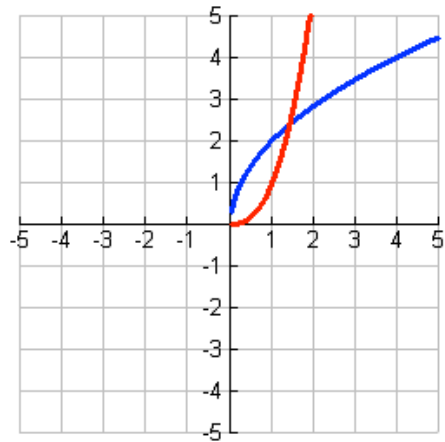
$$y = k \bullet x^{\text{odd}}$$



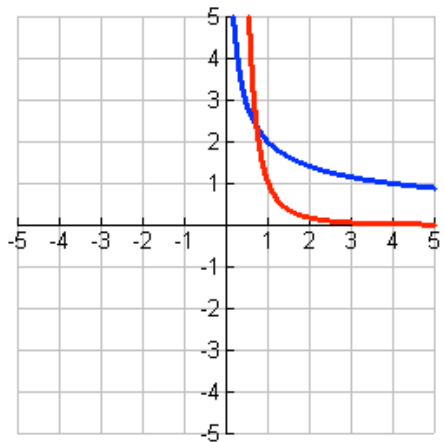
$$y = k \bullet x^{-\text{odd}}$$



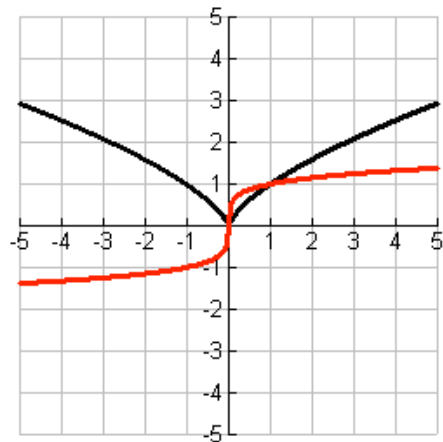
$$y = k \bullet x^{\frac{\#}{\text{even}}}$$



$$y = k \bullet x^{-\left(\frac{\#}{\text{even}}\right)}$$



$$y = k \bullet x^{\frac{\#}{\text{odd}}}$$



$$y = k \bullet x^{-\left(\frac{\#}{\text{odd}}\right)}$$

